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II. Remarks

Reconsideration and re-examination of this application in view of the

above amendments and the following remarks is herein respectfully requested.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. §103

Claims 1-23 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable

over U.S. Patent No. 6,168,725 to Achari et al. (Achari) in view of U.S. Patent

No. 6,331,063 to Kamada et al. (Kamada)

The Examiner relies on Achari to reject claims 1-23. Applicants

respectfully submit that Achari was assigned or under the obligation to be

assigned to Visteon Global Technologies, Inc., the assignee of the instant

application at the time of invention. Therefore, Achari is unavailable to limit the

patentability of claims 1-23 as defined by 35 U.S.C. §103(c). In support

therefore, a copy of the recorded assignment of the present application, in

Appendix A is provided. Further, as explained below, Kamada alone does not

teach or suggest all the limitations of claims 1-23.

Claims 1 and 14 include providing a layered metal substrate with an

aluminum metal layer positioned between a first and second copper layer. The

aluminum metal layer is part of an electrical trimetal substrate, and as such is a

conductive layer used as part of the circuit trace in conjunction with the first and

second copper layer.

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Kamada teaches a base made of an electrically insulative material.

Further, Kamada suggests various polymers or ceramics such as aluminum

oxide that may be used as the base. Aluminum oxide is a ceramic not a metal

and has inherently different properties from aluminum metal, including

conductivity and physical structure. As such, the ceramic, aluminum oxide,

cannot be substituted for the aluminum metal layer of claims 1 and 14.

Accordingly, Kamada does not teach or suggest a layered metal substrate having

a aluminum metal layer positioned between a first and second copper layer.

Claims 7 and 10 include providing a layered metal substrate with a top

metal layer, a middle metal layer, and a bottom metal layer. As discussed above,

the middle metal layer is conductive and used as part of the circuit trace in

conjunction with the top and bottom metal layer.

Kamada teaches a substrate made of an electrically insulative material

that is plated on the top and bottom with copper. Kamada teaches various

polymers or ceramics that may be used as the base corresponding to the middle

layer, but does not teach or suggest metal. Therefore, Kamada does not teach

or suggest the present invention.

Claims 2-6, 8, 9, 11-13, and 15-20 depend, directly or indirectly, from

claims 1, 7, 10, or 14 and are patentable for at least the reasons provided above

in support of claims 1, 7, 10, and 14.

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## Conclusion

In view of the above amendments and remarks, it is respectfully submitted that the present form of the claims are patentably distinguishable over the art of record and that this application is now in condition for allowance. Such action is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

February 28, 2005

Date

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